

NPN general purpose transistors

BC107; BC108; BC109

FEATURES

- Low current (max. 100 mA)
- Low voltage (max. 45 V).

APPLICATIONS

- General purpose switching and amplification.

DESCRIPTION

NPN transistor in a TO-18; SOT18 metal package.
PNP complement: BC177..

PINNING

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	emitter
2	base
3	collector, connected to the case

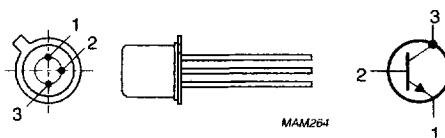


Fig.1 Simplified outline (TO-18; SOT18) and symbol.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CBO}	collector-base voltage BC107 BC108; BC109	open emitter	–	50	V
			–	30	V
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage BC107 BC108; BC109	open base	–	45	V
			–	20	V
I_{CM}	peak collector current		–	200	mA
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ C$	–	300	mW
h_{FE}	DC current gain BC107 BC108 BC109	$I_C = 2 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	110 110 200	450 800 800	
f_T	transition frequency	$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}; f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	100	–	MHz

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LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CBO}	collector-base voltage BC107 BC108; BC109	open emitter	— —	50 30	V V
V_{CEO}	collector-emitter voltage BC107 BC108; BC109	open base	— —	45 20	V V
V_{EBO}	emitter-base voltage BC107 BC108; BC109	open collector	— —	6 5	V V
I_C	collector current (DC)		—	100	mA
I_{CM}	peak collector current		—	200	mA
I_{BM}	peak base current		—	200	mA
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	—	300	mW
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
T_j	junction temperature		—	175	°C
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-65	+150	°C

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
R_{thj-a}	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	note 1	0.5	K/mW
R_{thj-c}	thermal resistance from junction to case		0.2	K/mW

Note

- Transistor mounted on an FR4 printed-circuit board.

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CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I_{CBO}	collector cut-off current	$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$	—	—	15	nA
		$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	15	μA
I_{EBO}	emitter cut-off current	$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 5\text{ V}$	—	—	50	nA
h_{FE}	DC current gain BC107A; BC108A	$I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	—	90	—	
	BC107B; BC108B; BC109B		40	150	—	
	BC108C; BC109C		100	270	—	
h_{FE}	DC current gain BC107A; BC108A	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	110	180	220	
	BC107B; BC108B; BC109B		200	290	450	
	BC108C; BC109C		420	520	800	
V_{CEsat}	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}$	—	90	250	mV
		$I_C = 100\text{ mA}; I_B = 5\text{ mA}$	—	200	600	mV
V_{BEsat}	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; I_B = 0.5\text{ mA}; \text{note 1}$	—	700	—	mV
		$I_C = 100\text{ mA}; I_B = 5\text{ mA}; \text{note 1}$	—	900	—	mV
V_{BE}	base-emitter voltage	$I_C = 2\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; \text{note 2}$	550	620	700	mV
		$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; \text{note 2}$	—	—	770	mV
C_c	collector capacitance	$I_E = i_e = 0; V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	2.5	6	pF
C_e	emitter capacitance	$I_C = i_e = 0; V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	—	9	—	pF
f_T	transition frequency	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}; f = 100\text{ MHz}$	100	—	—	MHz
F	noise figure BC109B; BC109C	$I_C = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega; f = 30\text{ Hz to }15.7\text{ kHz}$	—	—	4	dB
		$I_C = 200\text{ }\mu\text{A}; V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}; R_S = 2\text{ k}\Omega; f = 1\text{ kHz}; B = 200\text{ Hz}$	—	—	10	dB
F	noise figure BC107A; BC108A BC107B; BC108B; BC108C BC109B; BC109C		—	—	4	dB

Notes

1. V_{BEsat} decreases by about 1.7 mV/K with increasing temperature.
2. V_{BE} decreases by about 2 mV/K with increasing temperature.